In Greek mythology the Gigantes were a tribe of a hundred giants born of the earth-goddess Gaea. According to some she was impregnated by the blood of the castrated sky-god Uranus. At the urging of Gaea the Gigantes waged war on the gods and were destroyed in the ensuing battle. The most famous of the combatants were Enceladus who was buried by Athena …

Greek History - Ancient Greece

The temple known as the Parthenon was built on the Acropolis of Athens between 447 and 438 B.CE. It was part of a vast building program masterminded by the Athenian statesman Perikles. Inside the temple stood a colossal statue representing Athena, patron goddess of the city. The statue, which no longer exists, was made of gold and ivory and was the work of the celebrated …

Acropolis of Athens - Wikipedia

05.10.2020 · Greek mythology does not just tell the stories of gods and goddesses, however. Human heroes—such as Heracles, the adventurer who performed 12 impossible labors for King Eurystheus (and was
Caryatid is the name given to an architectural column which takes the form of a standing female figure. The first examples come from ancient Greek architecture and indeed, the most celebrated examples are found in the south porch of the Erechtheion on the acropolis of Athens, the originals of which are now in the city's Acropolis Museum.

History of Athens - Wikipedia

At the same time and more importantly, he envisioned the Parthenon as an architectural masterpiece that would make a statement to the world about the superiority of Athenian values, their system of governance and their way of life. Because of this, only the best building materials were good enough- the finest stone, bronze, gold, ivory, ebony, cypress-wood- and the best ...
The history of Aragonese Athens, called Cetines (rarely Athenes) by the conquerors, is obscure. Athens was a veguería with its own castellan, captain, and veguer. At some point during the Aragonese period, the Acropolis was further fortified and the Athenian archdiocese received an extra two suffragan sees. Florentine period

Caryatid - World History Encyclopedia

16.09.2021 · In the year 507 B.C., the Athenian leader Cleisthenes introduced a system of political reforms that he called demokratia, or “rule by the people” (from demos,

Greece: Secrets of the Past - The Parthenon

History >> Ancient Greece >> Greek Mythology. Goddess of: Wisdom, courage, and crafts Symbols: Owl, serpent, armor, olive tree, shield, and the spear Parents: Zeus (father) and Metis (mother) Children: None Spouse: None Abode: Mount Olympus Roman name: Minerva Athena is a goddess in Greek mythology and one of the Twelve Olympians. She is most famous for ...

The Parthenon, Athens - Smarthistory

The Athenian Acropolis : history, mythology, and archaeology from the Neolithic era to the present, Cambridge 1999
Schneider L., Die Acropolis von Athen: eine Kunst-und Kulturgeschichte, Darmstadt 2001

Ancient Greek Democracy - HISTORY

03.04.2018 · Athenian democracy refers to the system of democratic government used in Athens, Greece from the 5th to 4th century BCE. Under this system, all male citizens - the dēmos - had equal political rights, freedom of speech, and the opportunity to participate directly in the political arena.. In Athenian democracy, not only did citizens participate in a direct ...
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